

Part Number: 10421

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

- 1.1 Product Name:** Crystal Violet Stain, Lieb, Alcoholic
Part Number: 10421
CAS-No.: Not applicable
SDS Number: 2630
- 1.2 Recommended Use:** Laboratory Chemicals
- 1.3 Company:** Newcomer Supply
 2505 Parview Road
 Middleton, WI 53562 USA
- Telephone:** 1-800-383-7799
Fax: 1-608-831-0866
Website: www.newcomersupply.com
Email: newly@newcomersupply.com

24 HOUR EMERGENCY CONTACT
 CALL CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300
 Contact CHEMTREC only in the event of an emergency involving a chemical spill, leak, fire, exposure or other accident.

2. HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

- 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture**
GHS Classification, (in accordance with 29 CFR1910.1200)
 Flammable liquid, Category 2
 Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
 Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 4
 Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 4
 Serious eye damage, Category 1
 Skin irritation, Category 2
 Specific Target Organ Toxicity – Single exposure, Category 2
 Carcinogenicity, Category 1B

2.2 GHS Label elements

Signal Word DANGER

Pictogram



Hazard Statement(s):

- Highly flammable liquid and vapour
- Harmful if swallowed
- Harmful in contact with skin
- Harmful if inhaled
- Causes serious eye damage
- Causes skin irritation
- May cause damage to organs
- May cause cancer

Precautionary Statement(s):

Prevention:

- Obtain special instructions before use.
- Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
- Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces – No smoking.
- Keep container tightly closed.
- Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
- Use explosion-proof fume hood/electrical/ventilating/light equipment.
- Use only non-sparking tools.
- Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
- Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
- Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

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- Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

Response:

- In case of fire use carbon dioxide, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam.
- IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
- IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
- Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
- If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
- IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do – continue rinsing.
- IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
- Rinse mouth.
- Specific treatment: see first aid measures in section 4.
- Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Storage:

- Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool.
- Store locked up.

Disposal:

- Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Description of any hazards not otherwise classified None

2.4 >1% of mixture with unknown acute toxicity None

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS
3.2 Mixture
Hazardous Components

Component		Concentration
Name	Ethyl Alcohol	
CAS-No.	64-17-5	74%
Name	Methyl Alcohol	
CAS-No.	67-56-1	4%
Name	Isopropyl Alcohol	
CAS-No.	67-63-0	4%
Name	Crystal Violet	
CAS-No.	548-62-9	14%

4.1 Description of necessary measures
Inhalation (breathing)

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Skin Contact

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

Eye Contact

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do – continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

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Ingestion (swallowed)

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.

4.2 Most important symptoms and or effects, acute and delayed

The most important symptoms/effects are presented in Section 2 and or Section 11.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES
5.1 Suitable extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, water spray, alcohol-resistant foam.

5.2 Specific hazards arising from the substance or mixture

No data available

5.3 Protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Wear a positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus if necessary. Wear chemical resistant clothing as recommended by clothing manufacturer.

NFPA Rating

Health	Fire	Reactivity
hazard: 2	hazard: 3	hazard: 0

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES
6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Apply personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Use in a properly ventilated area. Avoid breathing vapors. Avoid skin contact. Avoid eye contact. Wash hands after use. In case of large spill, remove personnel to a safe area. Keep product away from heat, flame, ignition sources, and reactive materials. Avoid accumulation of vapor to form explosive concentration. Pay particular attention to low areas where vapor accumulates more easily.

6.2 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Apply personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contain spill. Prevent further leakage if possible and safe to do so. Ensure proper ventilation. For small amounts, wipe or absorb spill using inert material and dispose of according to local regulations. For large amounts, evacuate area and limit access. Prevent entry of material into sewage drains and confined areas. Dispose of any contaminated materials according to local regulations. Eliminate sources of ignition.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE
7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces – No smoking. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Refer to Section 2.2 for proper storage temperature. Store the tightly closed container in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION
8.1 Control Parameters

Components with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace

Component	CAS-No.	Regulatory	Value	Parameters
Ethyl Alcohol	64-17-5	OSHA PEL	TWA	1000 ppm (1900 mg/m ³)

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		ACGIH TLV	TWA	1000 ppm (1880 mg/m ³)
		NIOSH REL	TWA	1000 ppm (1900 mg/m ³)

Component	CAS-No.	Regulatory	Value	Parameters
Methyl Alcohol	67-56-1	OSHA PEL	TWA	200 ppm (980 mg/m ³)
		ACGIH TLV	STEL	200 ppm (1,230 mg/m ³)
		ACGIH TLV	STEL	50 ppm (1,230 mg/m ³)
		NIOSH REL	TWA	200 ppm (980 mg/m ³)
		NIOSH REL	STEL	250 ppm (980 mg/m ³)

Component	CAS-No.	Regulatory	Value	Parameters
Isopropyl Alcohol	67-63-0	OSHA PEL	TWA	400 ppm (980 mg/m ³)
		ACGIH TLV	TWA	400 ppm (983 mg/m ³)
		ACGIH TLV	STEL	500 ppm (1,230 mg/m ³)
		NIOSH REL	TWA	400 ppm (980 mg/m ³)
		NIOSH REL	STEL	500 ppm (980 mg/m ³)

8.2 Exposure Controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Use in a properly ventilated area. Remove/wash before reuse contaminated clothing. Wash hands upon exiting work premises. Use product in an appropriately designated fume hood. Take measures to keep concentrations below acceptable limits.

8.3 Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/Face protection

Wear chemical safety goggles and/or a full face shield if splashing is possible. Keep eye wash fountain nearby.

Skin Protection

Wear chemical-resistant gloves. Gloves should be resistant to components of product. Refer to glove manufacturer for appropriate type and glove thickness.

Body Protection

No data available

Respiratory Protection

Respirators should only be used if the employer has implemented a written program that takes into account workplace conditions, requirements for worker training, respirator fit testing, and medical exams, as described in the OSHA Respiratory Protection Standard (29 CFR 1910.134).

Ethyl Alcohol: Where the potential exists for exposure over 1,000 ppm: use a NIOSH approved supplied-air respirator with a full facepiece operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode. For increased protection use in combination with an auxiliary self-contained breathing apparatus or an emergency escape air cylinder.

Exposure to 3,300 ppm is immediately dangerous to life and health. If the possibility of exposure above 3,300 ppm exists, use a NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece operated in a pressure-demand or other positive-pressure mode equipped with an emergency escape air cylinder.

In case of emergency, entry into or escape from unknown concentrations select the highest level approved respiratory protection available.

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Other Information

None

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES
9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	Purplish liquid
Odor	Alcoholic odor
Odor threshold	No data available
pH	No data available
Melting point/freezing point	No data available
Initial boiling point and boiling range	No data available
Flash point	13°C (55.4°F) Closed cup (Ethyl Alcohol)
Evaporation rate	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	Liquid is flammable
Upper flammability or explosive limits	19% (Ethyl Alcohol)
Lower flammability or explosive limits	3.3% (Ethyl Alcohol)
Vapor pressure	No data available
Vapor density	No data available
Relative density	No data available
Solubility(ies)	Water soluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	No data available
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Viscosity	No data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY
10.1 Reactivity

No data available

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable in a closed container within label-specified storage temperature and expiration date.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Heat, sparks, open flame, and ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizers, potassium dioxide, bromine pentafluoride, acetyl bromide, acetyl chloride, platinum, sodium concentrated sulfuric acid, potassium and hydrogen peroxides, platinum black, calcium hypochlorite, silver oxide, ammonia, nitric acid, mercuric nitrate, silver nitrate, magnesium perchlorate, isocyanates, mineral acids, and chloroform.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide may be released if product is heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION
11.1 Information on toxicological effects
Inhalation exposure

Inhaling ethyl alcohol, methyl alcohol, and isopropyl alcohol can irritate the nose, throat and lungs causing coughing and/or shortness of breath.

Oral exposure

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Oral exposure to ethyl alcohol, methyl alcohol, and isopropyl alcohol can cause headache, drowsiness, nausea and vomiting, and unconsciousness. It can also affect concentration and vision.

Dermal exposure

Contact with ethyl alcohol can irritate the skin.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Prolonged or repeated exposure to ethyl alcohol can cause drying and cracking of the skin with peeling, redness and itching.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Contact with ethyl alcohol can irritate the eyes.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Inhaling ethyl alcohol, methyl alcohol, and isopropyl alcohol can irritate the nose, throat and lungs causing coughing and/or shortness of breath.

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

Repeated oral exposure to ethyl alcohol may cause spontaneous abortions, as well as birth defects and other developmental problems. This condition is referred to as "fetal alcohol syndrome." There is limited evidence that oral exposure to ethyl alcohol may decrease fertility in males.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Exposure to ethyl alcohol may affect the liver and the nervous system.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

Aspiration hazard

No data available

Acute toxicity

Ethyl Alcohol:

LD50 rat oral 3450 mg/kg

LD50 mouse oral 7060 mg/kg

LC50 rat inhalation 20000 ppm/10H

LC50 mouse inhalation 20363 ppm/4H

Crystal Violet:

LD50 rat oral 420 mg/kg

Carcinogenicity

Crystal violet is suspected to be carcinogenic to humans.

IARC: None of the components are listed

NTP: None of the components are listed

OSHA: None of the components are listed

Additional information

RTECS: No data available

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**12.1 Ecotoxicity**

No data available

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12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Other adverse effects

No data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**13.1 Waste disposal methods****Contents**

Dispose of contents in a safe manner to comply with local, state and federal regulations. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material.

Contaminated packaging

Dispose of packaging in a safe manner to comply with local, state and federal regulations. Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**14.1 DOT (US)**

UN-Number	1170
Proper shipping name	Ethanol solutions
Hazard class	3
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	No data available

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**15.1** No data available**16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Preparation Information

Newcomer Supply Inc.

800-383-7799

www.newcomersupply.com

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