2505 Parview Road ● Middleton, WI 53562-2579 ● 800-383-7799 ● www.newcomersupply.com ● info@newcomersupply.com

Part 10492 Revised January 2023

Decalcifying Solution, Formic/Citrate - Technical Memo

SOLUTION: 500 ml 1 Liter 1 Gallon
Decalcifying Solution, Formic/Citrate Part 10492A Part 10492B Part 10492C

Additionally Needed:

Decalcification End Point Set Part 1051

For storage requirements and expiration date refer to individual bottle labels.

APPLICATION:

Newcomer Supply Decalcifying Solution, Formic/Citrate uses an acid decalcifying agent along with an added citrate buffer to help prevent cellular swelling and distortion during the decalcification process. This combination of reagents provides rapid decalcification while maintaining excellent cellular morphology and is good for all bone specimen types and is especially suitable for compact bone.

METHOD:

Fixation: Formalin 10%, Phosphate Buffered (Part 1090)

a. See Procedure Note #1.

Technique: Paraffin sections cut at 4 microns on adhesive slides **Solutions:** All solutions are manufactured by Newcomer Supply, Inc.

PROCEDURE:

- Fix bone for a length of time sufficient for specimen size and type.
 a. See Procedure Note #2.
- Adequate bone fixation is essential before decal solution exposure.
- 3. Wash fixed specimen in running tap water for 10 minutes.
- Submerge fixed bone segment in Decalcifying Solution, Formic/Citrate, adequately covering specimen at a 20:1 ratio.
 - a. See Procedure Notes #3 and #4.
- Check the specimen regularly for adequate solution coverage.
 Change solution daily and do not add or mix fresh solution with old.
- 6. Decalcification time will vary, dependent on bone size and weight.
 - a. Check light bone samples every 30 to 60 minutes.
 - b. Check compact bone samples every 1 to 2 hours.
 - Bone marrow or light bone biopsies, on average, will decalcify in 1 to 2 hours.
 - d. 3 mm thick section of femoral head, on average, will decalcify in 4 to 12 hours.
- Check decal completion at regular intervals with Decalcification End Point Set (1051) to deter over-decalcification.
 - a. See Procedure Note #5.
- 8. Wash in running tap water when decalcification is complete.
 - a. Wash small samples 30-60 minutes.
 - b. Wash larger bones 1-4 hours.
 - Additional trimming of decalcified bone can occur at this point to size and thickness suitable for tissue processing.
- 9. Proceed with tissue processing procedure for bone specimens.
- Trim block and section bone. If trimming or sectioning is impaired due to bone hardness, surface decalcification is recommended.
- Perform surface decalcification: Soak exposed tissue surface side down in Decalcifying Solution, Formic/Citrate for 15-60 minutes. Rinse block with distilled water to remove corrosive acids and resection.
 - a. See Procedure Note #6.

PROCEDURE NOTES:

- Other fixatives suitable for bone specimens include: AZF Fixative (1009), B-5 Fixative Modified, Zinc Chloride (1015), Bouin Fluid (1020), Zamboni Fixative (1459) and Zinc Formalin Fixative (1482).
- Reduce size of a larger bone by bisecting bone into smaller pieces and remove excess soft tissue and skin for faster fixation. Maximum bone thickness of 3-5 mm is recommended.
- Decal solution should be in contact with all specimen surfaces. For multiple pieces, ensure pieces are separated or suspended and not in direct contact or stacked on each other.
- 4. Enhance decal with low-speed agitation shaker, rotator or stir plate.
- 5. Decalcification end-point testing can also be done with specimen radiography. Physical probing of bone is not recommended.
- Only a few calcium-free sections will be obtained after surface decalcification. Repeat the process for additional sections.

REFERENCES:

- Bancroft, John D., and Marilyn Gamble. Theory and Practice of Histological Techniques. 6th ed. Oxford: Churchill Livingstone Elsevier, 2008. 338-343.
- Luna, Lee G. Manual of Histologic Staining Methods of the Armed Forces Institute of Pathology. 3rd ed. New York: Blakiston Division, McGraw-Hill, 1968. 6-11.
- Urban, Ken. "Routine Decalcification of Bone." Laboratory Medicine 12.4 (1981): 207-212.
- Villanueva, Anthony. "Experimental Studies in Demineralization and Its Effects on Cytology and Staining of Bone Marrow Cells." The Journal of Histotechnology 9.3 (1986): 155-161.
- 5. Modifications developed by Newcomer Supply Laboratory.

SUPPORT/WARRANTY: For assistance regarding this product contact Newcomer Supply at 800-383-7799 or info@newcomersupply.com. The information presented in this technical memo is to the best of our knowledge accurate. No warranty is expressed or implied. The user is responsible for determining the suitability of this product for their use and upon receipt assumes all liability for its use and responsibility for compliance with any laws or regulations. Please refer to www.newcomersupply.com for complete warranty information. © Newcomer Supply, Inc., 2023