

Amyloid Control Slides – Technical Memo

<u>CONTROL SLIDES:</u>	Part 4030A	Part 4030B
	10 Slide/Set	98 Slide/Set

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS:

Tissue: Positive staining organ.

Fixation: Formalin 10%, Phosphate Buffered (Part 1090).

Section/Glass: Paraffin sections cut at 8 microns on Superfrost™ Plus slides.

Quality Control Stain: Bennhold Congo Red quality control stained slide(s) included.

Reactivity: Guaranteed product specific reactivity for one year from date of receipt. Revalidate after one year to verify continued reactivity.

Storage: 15-30°C in a light deprived and humidity controlled environment.

Intended Use: To verify histological techniques and reagent reactivity.

Before using unstained control slides, review the enclosed stained slide(s) to ensure that this tissue source is acceptable for testing needs.

CONTROL SLIDE VALIDATION:

With Amyloid, Bennhold Congo Red Stain Kit:	Part 9103A	Individual Stain Solution
Solution A: Congo Red Stain 1%, Aqueous	250 ml	Part 1038
Solution B: Alkaline Alcohol	250 ml	Part 1038
Solution C: Hematoxylin Stain, Mayer Modified	250 ml	Part 1202

APPLICATION:

Newcomer Supply Amyloid Control Slides are for the positive histochemical staining of extraneous protein deposits in amyloidosis.

NEWCOMER SUPPLY VALIDATION PROCEDURE:

- Deparaffinize sections thoroughly in three changes of xylene, 3 minutes each. Hydrate through two changes each of 100% and 95% ethyl alcohols, 10 dips each. Wash well with distilled water.
 - See Procedure Notes #1 and #2.
- Place slides in Solution A: Congo Red Stain 1%, Aqueous for 1 hour.

Microwave Modification: See Procedure Note #3.

 - Place slides in a plastic Coplin jar (Part 5184) containing Solution A: Congo Red Stain 1%, Aqueous and microwave at 70°C for 3 minutes.
- Rinse in two to three changes of tap water; rinse in distilled water.
- Differentiate in Solution B: Alkaline Alcohol, 5 to 30 seconds, agitating constantly until slide background is cleared of Solution A: Congo Red Stain 1%, Aqueous.
- Rinse in two to three changes of tap water; rinse in distilled water.
- Counterstain with Solution C: Hematoxylin Stain, Mayer Modified, 3 to 5 minutes, depending on preference of nuclear stain intensity.
- Wash in running tap water for 5 to 10 minutes.
- Dehydrate in two changes each of 95% and 100% ethyl alcohol. Clear in three changes of xylene, 10 dips each; coverslip with compatible mounting medium.

RESULTS:

Light Field Microscopy:

Amyloid	Pink to red
Nuclei	Blue

Polarized Light:

Amyloid fluorescence	Apple green
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PROCEDURE NOTES:

- Drain slides after each step to prevent solution carry over.
- Do not allow sections to dry out at any point during procedure.
- The suggested microwave procedure has been tested at Newcomer Supply. This procedure is a guideline and techniques should be developed for use in your laboratory.
- For optimal results cut sections at 8-10 microns to provide more intense staining and allow smaller amyloid deposits to be identified. Thinner sections may show faint staining and sections thicker than 8-10 microns may display yellow birefringence.
- If using a xylene substitute, closely follow the manufacturer's recommendations for deparaffinization and clearing steps.

REFERENCES:

- Luna, Lee G. *Histopathologic Methods and Color Atlas of Special Stains and Tissue Artifacts*. Gaithersburg, MD: American Histolabs, 1992. 366-367.
- Sheehan, Dezna C., and Barbara B. Hrapchak. *Theory and Practice of Histotechnology*. 2nd ed. St. Louis: Mosby, 1980. 177-178.
- Modifications developed by Newcomer Supply Laboratory.