Steiner-Steiner Modified Silver Stain Kit - Technical Memo

KIT INCLUDES:

Solution A: Uranyl Nitrate 1%, Aqueous
Solution B: Silver Nitrate 1%, Aqueous
Solution C: Gum Mastic 2.5%, Alcoholic
Ingredient D: Hydroquinone, Powder
Mini Sampling Spoon

COMPLIMENTARY POSITIVE CONTROL SLIDES: Enclosed with this kit are two complimentary unstained positive control slides to be used for the initial verification of staining techniques and reagents. Verification must be documented by running one Newcomer Supply complimentary positive control slide along with your current positive control slide for the first run. Retain the second complimentary control slide for further troubleshooting, if needed.

Individual stain solutions and additional control slides may be available for purchase under separate part numbers at www.newcomersupply.com.

Additionally Needed:
Hydrochloric Acid 5%, Aqueous
Xylene, ACS
Alcohol, Ethyl Denatured, 100%
Alcohol, Ethyl Denatured, 95%
Coplin Jar, Plastic

For storage requirements and expiration date refer to individual bottle labels.

APPLICATION:
Newcomer Supply Steiner-Steiner Modified Silver Stain Kit procedure, with included microwave modifications, is a silver technique effective for the demonstration of spirochetes, Helicobacter pylori, Legionella pneumophila, other nonfilamentous bacteria and fungus.

METHOD:
Fixation: Formalin 10%, Phosphate Buffered (Part 1090)
Technique: Paraffin sections cut at 4 microns
Solutions: All solutions are manufactured by Newcomer Supply, Inc.

PRESTAINING PREPARATION:
1. If necessary, heat dry tissue sections/slide in oven.
2. All glassware/plasticware must be acid cleaned prior to use.
   a. See Procedure Notes #1 and #2 (page 2).
4. Preheat Solution B: Silver Nitrate 1%, Aqueous to 60°C in a water bath. Save for Step #11.
5. Prepare Hydroquinone Solution; combine and mix well.
   a. Ingredient D: Hydroquinone, Powder 0.5 gm (or one rounded scoop with reusable mini sampling spoon)
   b. Distilled Water 25 ml
6. Prepare fresh Reducing Solution by combining in order listed.
   a. Hydroquinone Solution (Step #5) 25 ml
   b. Solution C: Gum Mastic 2.5%, Alcoholic 15 ml
   c. Solution B: Silver Nitrate 1%, Aqueous 0.3 ml
   d. Solution will turn milky white after addition of Gum Mastic.
   e. Preheat solution in 45°C water bath. Save for Step #17.
7. Do not preheat solutions if using Microwave Modifications.

STAINING PROCEDURE:
8. Deparaffinize sections thoroughly in three changes of xylene, 3 minutes each. Hydrate through two changes each of 100% and 95% ethyl alcohols, 10 dips each. Wash well with distilled water.
   a. See Procedure Note #3 (page 2)
9. Sensitize slides in preheated Solution A: Uranyl Nitrate 1%, Aqueous (Step #3) for 15 minutes in a 60°C water bath.
   a. Agitate solution to evenly distribute heat.

Microwave Modification: See Procedure Note #4 (page 2).
   a. Place slides in a plastic Coplin jar containing Solution A: Uranyl Nitrate 1%, Aqueous and microwave at 60°C for 5 minutes.
10. Rinse well in several changes of distilled water.
11. Place slides in preheated Solution B: Silver Nitrate 1%, Aqueous (Step #4) and incubate in a 60°C water bath for 30 minutes.
   a. Agitate solution to evenly distribute heat.
Microwave Modification:
   a. Place slides in a plastic Coplin jar containing Solution B: Silver Nitrate 1%, Aqueous and microwave at 70°C for 5 minutes.
12. Rinse well in several changes of distilled water.
   a. Excessive rinsing may cause nucleus to pick up silver.
13. Dip 5 times in each of two changes of fresh 95% ethyl alcohol.
14. Dip 5 times in each of two changes of fresh 100% ethyl alcohol.
15. Place in Solution C: Gum Mastic 2.5%, Alcoholic for 5 minutes.
16. Air-dry for 5 minutes. Slides/sections will be milky white.
17. Place slides in preheated Reducing Solution (Step #6) and incubate in 45°C water bath for 10-30 minutes with frequent agitation; examine microscopically at 10 minutes.
   a. Check staining progress at timed intervals.
   b. Tissue will turn tan in color; continue to check staining progress at timed intervals.
   c. Bacteria will be black when the tissue reaches a golden brown color.
   d. Dip in warm distilled water before/after each examination.
Microwave Modification: See Procedure Note #5 (page 2)
   a. Heat slides in a plastic Coplin jar containing fresh Reducing Solution at 45°C for 30 seconds.
   b. Remove from microwave. Continue to incubate slides in warm solution for an additional 2 minutes.
18. Rinse well in several changes of distilled water.
19. Dehydrate in two changes each of 95% and 100% ethyl alcohol. Clear in three changes of xylene, 10 dips each; coverslip with compatible mounting medium.

RESULTS:
Spirochetes
Dark brown to black
Helicobacter pylori
Dark brown to black
Legionella pneumophila
Dark brown to black
Nonfilamentous bacteria and fungus
Dark brown to black
Background
Golden brown

SUPPORT/WARRANTY: For assistance regarding this product contact Newcomer Supply at 800-383-7799 or info@newcomersupply.com. The information presented in this technical memo is to the best of our knowledge accurate. No warranty is expressed or implied. The user is responsible for determining the suitability of this product for their use and upon receipt assumes all liability for its use and responsibility for compliance with any laws or regulations. Please refer to www.newcomersupply.com for complete warranty information. © Newcomer Supply, Inc., 2019
PROCEDURE NOTES:

1. Acid clean all glassware/plasticware (12086) and rinse thoroughly in several changes of distilled water.
2. Plastic (5500), plastic-tipped or paraffin coated metal forceps must be used with any silver solution to prevent precipitation of silver salts. No metals of any kind should be in contact with any silver solution. Only glass thermometers should be used.
3. Drain slides after each step to prevent solution carry over.
4. The suggested microwave procedure has been tested at Newcomer Supply. This procedure is a guideline and techniques should be developed for your laboratory.
5. The Reducing Solution contains alcohol and will reduce its boiling point. To avoid boiling solution, adjust microwave times and power levels accordingly.
6. The use of some xylene substitutes have resulted in diminished spirochete staining. If using a xylene substitute exercise caution and closely follow the manufacturer’s recommendation for deparaffinization and clearing steps.
7. Dispose of Uranyl Nitrate as hazardous waste and/or according to local and state environmental regulations. Refer to SDS for additional information.

REFERENCES:

5. Modifications developed by Newcomer Supply Laboratory.